| SOLID WASTE AUTHORIT | ١ |
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| RSWA BOARD OF DIRECTORS |
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| Minutes of Regular Meeting |
| May 23, 2023 |

A regular meeting of the Rivanna Solid Waste Authority (RSWA) Board of Directors was held on Tuesday, May 23, 2023, at 2:00 p.m. in the 2nd floor conference room, Administration Building, 695 Moores Creek Lane, Charlottesville, Virginia.

Board Members Present: Mike Gaffney, Michael Rogers, Brian Pinkston, Jim Andrews, Stacey Smalls, Lance Stewart.

Board Members Absent: Jeff Richardson.

Rivanna Staff Present: Bill Mawyer, Phil McKalips, Lonnie Wood, Jennifer Whitaker, Deborah Anama, Jacob Woodson, Katie McIlwee, Betsy Nemeth, Santino Granato.

Attorney(s) Present: Carrie Stanton.

1. CALL TO ORDER

Mr. Gaffney convened the May 23, 2023 regular meeting of the Board of Directors of the Rivanna Solid Waste Authority at 2:00 p.m.

2. AGENDA APPROVAL

There were no comments on, changes to, or questions regarding the agenda.

Mr. Pinkston moved that the Board adopt the agenda as presented. The motion was seconded by Mr. Rogers, and passed unanimously (6-0).

3. MINUTES OF PREVIOUS BOARD MEETING ON MARCH 28, 2023

Mr. Pinkston moved that the Board approve the minutes of the March 28, 2023 meeting. The motion was seconded by Mr. Andrews and passed unanimously (6-0).

4. RECOGNITIONS

There were no recognitions.

5. EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S REPORT

Mr. Mawyer stated that the Richmond Times-Dispatch reported that the State Corporation Commission approved a package of solar projects, and one of them was the RSWA's. He said that they anticipated that the project would be completed by next calendar year at the Ivy MUC. He said that another construction project, the Southern Albemarle Convenience Center, continued to move forward, and they hoped to have a grand opening on June 22, 2023. He said that they would be doing an evaluation later this week to see what the progress was with the contractor, then would make an announcement of the grand opening.

6. ITEMS FROM THE PUBLIC

There were no items from the public.

7. RESPONSES TO PUBLIC COMMENTS

There were no items from the public, so there were no responses.

8. CONSENT AGENDA

- a. Staff Report on Finance
- b. Staff Report on Ivy Material Utilization Center/Recycling Operations Update
- c. Approval of Fiscal Year 2023-2024 Pay Scale Adjustment, Restructuring and Regrading
- d. Approval of Engineering Services Baling Facility, Ivy MUC TRC Companies
- e. Approval of Engineering Services for FY 2024 Environmental Monitoring at the Ivy MUC-TRC Companies
- f. Approval of Contract for Municipal Solid Waste Transportation and Disposal, Ivy MUC-BFI
- g. Approval of Contract for FY 2024 Vegetative Waste Grinding Royal Oak Farm, LLC
- h. Approval of Fiscal Year 2023 2024 Personnel Management Plan Update

Mr. Smalls moved that the Board approve the Consent Agenda. The motion was seconded by Mr. Pinkston and passed unanimously (6-0).

9. OTHER BUSINESS

 a. Presentation, Public Hearing, and Vote to Consider Approval of the Resolution to Adopt the FY 2023-2024 Rate Schedule, and Approval of the FY 2023-2024 Budget

Mr. Mawyer said that today would be a brief review of the proposed rate schedule and budget followed by a public hearing and vote to consider approval. He said that the budget was guided by the priorities of the 2023-2028 Strategic Plan and totaled \$7.9M in expenses, with \$4.37M in revenues, for a net budget deficit of \$3.57M, or a 7.9% increase from last year's operating deficit. He said that by virtue of the agreements in place between the City, UVA, and the County, they allocated the deficit in the amounts of \$2.9M to the County, \$594,032 to the City, and \$79,982 to UVA.

 Mr. Mawyer said that they looked forward to operating the Southern Albemarle Convenience Center. He said that they would soon have complete design of the new baling facility at the Ivy MUC, as well as installation of solar panels on 17 acres at the landfill by Dominion Energy. He said that they continued to manage the free mulch program, which currently was out of mulch but would be making more soon. He said that for the FY 2024 budget, 49% of the budget or \$3.86M, was the cost of the Ivy Transfer program.

Mr. Mawyer said that environmental services, which included groundwater treatment, gas remediation, household hazardous waste, e-waste, and paint disposal, comprised 16% or \$1.2M of the budget. He said that Ivy operations, which included the vegetative debris and mulch program, furniture recycling, tires, and clean fill program, were 14% of the budget or \$1.13M. He said that recycling was 12% of the budget or \$912,119, and the convenience centers at Ivy and Southern Albemarle were 9% or \$730,706.

Mr. Mawyer said that strategic investments were being made in the RSWA workforce, with a 6% cost of living adjustment plus a 2% merit pool for eligible employees. He said that the Authority would continue to absorb health insurance premiums if they went up, and they had proposed two additional positions for operator attendants at the Ivy MUC transfer station. He said in FY23, the

Board approved three positions for the Southern Albemarle Convenience Center, which were funded for half of FY 23, and the second half was an effective increase in the budget for FY 24 for a full year.

Mr. Mawyer said that they also had operations and maintenance expenses including vehicle and equipment maintenance, fuel, and wood grinding costs, as well as transfer of refuse and hauler increases. He noted that the hauler increase was presented as \$90,000 but would actually be \$125,000 per the update received from the hauler. He said that information technology and administration continued to be a growing component of the Solid Waste budget, and all positions were jointly shared by the RWSA and RSWA. He said that infrastructure investments for buildings and equipment depreciation were included as part of their operating expenses.

Mr. Mawyer said that central staff (Human Resources, Finance, Information Technology, Administration.) were allocated to Solid Waste and to Water and Sewer. The total number of FTE positions in Water and Sewer allocated by expense to the Solid Waste Authority was 5.4 positions. He said that the number of RSWA employees had varied in the last 18 years, beginning with 21 employees in 2007, a low of nine employees in the mid-2010s, but now was up to 26.5 employees. He said that this was due to the support of the City and County in approving their programs and their dedication to the transfer operation and recycling programs that were expanding at the convenience centers.

Mr. Gaffney opened the public hearing for the proposed FY 2023-2024 Rate Schedule and FY 2023-2024 Budget. He asked speakers to identify themselves and to be mindful of the three-minute time limit.

Seeing no speakers, Mr. Gaffney closed the public hearing.

Mr. Rogers moved that the Board approve the FY 2023-2024 Rate Schedule and FY 2023-2024 Budget. The motion was seconded by Mr. Andrews and passed unanimously (6-0).

b. Presentation: Review of Special Collection Events

Mr. Phil McKalips, Director of Solid Waste, said that the special collection events were run twice per year. He said that the household hazardous waste (HHW), furniture/mattresses, appliances, and tires had been collected since the year 2000, with HHW beginning in 1999. He said that e-waste was regularly collected beginning in 2019, with periodic events held throughout the late 1990s and early 2000s. He said that they recently brought online a very small quantity generator program.

Mr. McKalips said that household hazardous waste was a federal designation that was set up to allow the general public a mechanism to dispose of household hazardous waste that had no other mechanism of disposal, so the legislation allowed this for residents. He said that RSWA had offered these events twice a year since 2000. He said that since August 2016, paint had been accepted every day at the Ivy MUC. He said that the HHW costs were \$30,000 to \$50,000 per event, and the paint disposal costs were \$20,000 per year.

Mr. McKalips said that they averaged about 500 customers per day and disposed of about 20 tons of hazardous waste from each event, which was meaningful diversion from the landfill. He said that they used a contractor company to do this, who brought people, equipment, boxes, and the knowledge of how to consolidate these materials so they could be hauled away. He said that where

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possible, the materials were recycled for energy use, the paint sometimes was reconstituted back into paint for sale, and the others were stabilized or disposed of to limit environmental hazards.

Mr. McKalips said that they had collected furniture and mattresses since 1999, which according to Board reports was begun partially to curb the amount of mattresses appearing in rural parts of the County. He said that both the City and the County supported these events by paying the disposal costs proportioned through customer counts. He said that these materials are charged to the City and County at the transfer station tipping fee, which would be \$54 per ton on July 1. He said that they did not know the reason for trends in furniture drop offs, but they averaged about 150 to 200 customers per event and collected about 10 to 15 tons of material that was disposed of in the landfill.

Mr. McKalips said that the appliance collection events began in the late 1990s with the purpose of diverting the materials from landfills, to increase recycling, and to minimize illegal dumping. He said that both the City and County supported the appliance events by paying charges proportionally based on customer counts. He said that events averaged 150 to 200 customers and approximately 15 tons of waste collected. He said that starting July 1, 2023, the disposal fee would be reduced to the MSW disposal fee of \$54 per ton plus Freon recovery. He said that where possible, these materials were recycled.

Mr. McKalips said that tire collection events began in the late 1990s. He said that whole tires could not be landfilled and became a disposal problem and a common item for illegal dumping. He said that both the City and County supported this program by paying charges proportionally based on customer counts. He said that tires were transported to Emanuel Tire in Appomattox, Virginia, and Emanuel Tire charged \$150 per ton and used the tires for playground surface material, rubber matting, and energy production. He said that there had been a general increase in the amount of tires collected over the years, but still varied per event. He said that they recently had been getting about 75 tons per event and 100 to 175 customers per event.

Mr. McKalips said that the e-waste events began more recently with the purpose of diverting "high-tech" electronics such as computers, cell phones, and stereo equipment from landfills so that hazardous chemicals and minerals can be recovered. He said that efforts were made to recover or recycle as much of the material in the wastes as possible. He said that from 2019 to 2023, the amount of e-waste collected had doubled during the two semiannual events. He said that there was strong customer support for the programs, and some interest had been expressed in including additional days in the year. He said that the cost per event was between \$14,000 and \$17,000.

Mr. McKalips said that the very small quantity generator (VSQG) events allowed businesses the opportunity to dispose of business hazardous waste, including fluorescent light bulbs, batteries, aerosol cans, cleaning agents, solvents, acids, and bases. He said that businesses could not utilize the household hazardous waste exemption, and RSWA offered access to the same household hazardous waste contractor so that businesses could save on mobilization and shipping costs of hiring their own contractor.

Mr. McKalips said that businesses paid their own disposal costs directly to the contractor, so the program cost the Authority \$0 per year. He said that three or four companies used the program each year, but for those interested in managing their waste most appropriately, it was a valuable program. He stated that the total cost of all special collection programs was \$150,000 per year, with \$30,000 allocated to the City and \$120,000 to the County.

Mr. Andrews asked if springtime saw more tonnage than other times of the year due to people getting rid of belongings as part of spring cleaning.

Mr. McKalips said that there had been some inexplicable fluctuations in tonnage, and he was unaware if seasonal changes were a part of what was driving the recent trends.

Mr. Andrews said that it would be worth looking into why some days fared differently than others.

Mr. McKalips said that more questions could be asked of the customers to understand why.

Mr. Mawyer said that they tried to keep the collection dates strategically away from other community events to ensure the community members had an opportunity to use the program. He said that they would have to look at the spring and fall events in comparison to see if there was a spring-cleaning phenomenon.

(Motion and vote to Recess the RSWA Board Meeting)

Mr. Pinkston moved to Recess the RSWA Board meeting. The motion was seconded by Mr. Andrews and passed unanimously (6-0).

(Motion and vote to Reconvene the RSWA in a Joint Session with the RWSA)

Mr. Andrews moved to Reconvene the RSWA in a Joint Session with the RWSA. The motion was seconded by Mr. Pinkston and passed unanimously (6-0).

(Joint Session with the RWSA)

a. Presentation: Asset Management Program Update Katie McIlwee, Asset Management Coordinator

Ms. Katie McIlwee, Asset Management Coordinator, stated that the Strategic Plan guided all of the Authority projects, and the Asset Management Project was no different, and that this project falls under the goals of the Planning and Infrastructure team. She stated that the Asset Management Policy linked to the Strategic Plan to aid in setting goals for asset investment and development. She stated that asset management was a long-term program to attain and sustain the chosen level of service for the life of an asset in the most cost-effective manner. She stated there was a framework of five core questions, developed by the EPA that aids in the development of a comprehensive asset management program. She stated the questions helped to determine the current state of assets, required level of service, business risks, best operations/maintenance practices and CIP investment strategies, and the best long-term funding strategy.

Ms. McIlwee stated that the Authorities had approximately \$320M in total assets, which included horizontal and vertical assets. She stated that horizontal assets mainly encompass underground assets, such as manholes, water and sewer lines, system valves, and other related devices. She stated that there were approximately 764 horizontal wastewater assets and approximately 1,644 horizontal water assets. She stated that vertical assets were those that were at the WTPs including buildings and contained within infrastructure. She stated that for wastewater, there were about 1,858 vertical assets, and for water, that were about 1,426 assets.

Ms. McIlwee stated they reviewed the benefits of the program and determined that it would prolong the life of assets and improve decisions about asset rehabilitation, repair, and replacement. She stated that the program would reduce the overall cost for operational and capital expenditures, and it would help meet customer demands. She stated that they would be able to set rates based on operational planning, and the budget could focus on critical activities. She stated the program would improve emergency response and improve the security, safety, and reliability of all assets.

Ms. McIlwee stated that the goals of the program were to integrate information across the Authorities, monitor asset lifecycle, quantify asset condition and risk, achieve consistent and accurate performance monitoring, compare and prioritize potential capital project and maintenance activities, achieve benefit/cost efficiencies for customers, and increase and retain institutional knowledge.

Ms. McIlwee stated that there were four phases of the asset management program. She stated that the first phase, developing an asset management framework, had been completed, which included conducting a gap assessment, developing a Strategic Asset Management Plan, and identification of software requirements. the initial development of the asset management framework. She stated that the second phase, Test AM Framework, included development of the asset register and completing a Tactical Asset Management Pilot plan for the Rivanna Pump Station. She stated that the third phase was nearly complete, and it was the Cityworks software implementation phase. She stated that the fourth phase was full asset management program implementation.

Ms. McIlwee noted several major milestones throughout the project. The first milestone was the start of Phase 1 in 2018 with the asset plan development. She stated that in 2019, Phase 2 began and included asset hierarchy development. She stated in 2020, they completed the strategic asset management plan and the tactical asset management plan. She stated in 2021, they began Phase 3 with the asset register development and Cityworks configuration. She stated in 2022, the full asset management program implementation began, and in 2023, Cityworks had gone online.

Ms. McIlwee stated that Phase 3 was a large part of the project. She stated that Cityworks was chosen to be the computerized maintenance and management system (CMMS) in September 2020, and implementation began December of that year. She stated that configuration and systems testing were completed in March 2023. She stated that on May 8, Cityworks went live. She stated that the program maximized preventative maintenance. She stated that Cityworks was an Authority-wide initiative to provide tangible benefits for asset management. She stated that the system had all asset information in one location and it was linked to the GIS. She stated that the system allowed work order tracking across departments.

Ms. McIlwee stated that the asset management program budget was about \$1.18M. She stated that the largest portion of the budget was Phase 3. She stated that as part of Phase 4, they were looking to complete the Level 1 and Level 2 condition assessments, and after completion, they would assign consequence of failure scores and mitigation factor scores to the vertical assets. She stated the consequence of failure scores would be assigned to the linear assets, and those would be used to calculate risk. All of this information would then be used in conjunction with a decision support tool to help make well-informed planning and financial decisions.

Ms. McIlwee stated long-term goals included full implementation of the program. She stated they would develop capital investment needs and a business case evaluation process. She stated

that they would develop tactical asset plans for all assets, and they would refine the level of service performance standards. She stated that they would seek to reduce maintenance costs, implement performance monitoring processes, and implement an asset management program with the RSWA.

Mr. Pinkston asked if a consultant helped in the implementation of Cityworks.

Ms. McIlwee stated they hired a consultant (GHD) to implement Cityworks and the asset management program. She stated the consultant helped with the procurement of Cityworks.

Mr. Smalls asked how they selected Cityworks.

Ms. McIlwee stated that when they began looking for a system, neighboring localities and municipalities were using Cityworks. She stated that they issued an RFP, and by that time, Cityworks had transitioned its platform. She stated once the vendor had transitioned, they were able to provide 95% of the Authority's request at the lowest cost.

Mr. Smalls asked whether RSWA assets were included.

316 Ms. McIlwee stated they were not yet included.

318 Mr. Mawyer responded that they would be in the near future.

320 Mr. Pinkston asked if the consultant helped develop and identify the risk assessments and points of failure.

Ms. McIlwee stated that they had developed several metrics to aid in decision making. She stated that the usage and surrounding infrastructure influenced the risk of failure score.

Mr. Mawyer asked what all the metrics added together would indicate.

328 Ms. McIlwee stated that it indicated the business risk exposure.

Mr. Gaffney stated he supported the program. He asked if there was a method to sell assets that were no longer needed or used by the Authority.

Ms. McIlwee stated that they currently perform a surplus sale of equipment every year.

Mr. O'Connell asked if they would be able to gather enough data for the next CIP process.

Ms. McIlwee stated that they hoped to gather enough data. She stated that they were six to eight months from being able to input the first data into the decision support tool. She stated that the information would become more robust every year.

Mr. Smalls asked for more information about the decision support system.

343 Ms. McIlwee stated that after a decision support tool was implemented, there would be a review 344 process for the recommendations provided by the software, and no recommendation would be 345 taken without a review.

Mr. Mawyer stated that they would integrate maintenance history and opinions about the assets.

He stated that they would have to prioritize the most important assets for repairs or replacement.

Mr. Smalls stated that the program was a good way to reduce costs.

Ms. Mallek asked whether the 20% priority for site visits was based on age or value.

Ms. McIlwee stated that it was based on a calculation using the consequence of failure scores, condition scores, and the mitigation factors.

b. Presentation: Leadership Development Program Betsy Nemeth, Human Resources Manager

Ms. Betsy Nemeth, Human Resources Manager, stated that she would provide an update on the organization's succession planning. She stated that the objective of the succession planning process was to continue organizational growth and development of the Authorities by recognizing, developing, and retaining leadership talent and strategically planning for the future. She stated that they developed a leadership development program to develop in-house leadership at all levels of the organization.

Ms. Nemeth stated that there were three groups, and Group 1 encompassed the directors and high-level managers. She stated that they included the Clifton Strengths assessment tool to identify leadership strengths. She stated that they had held the first learning session, Strengths-Based Leadership, and the next sessions would include Emotional Intelligence and Conflict Management, Managing Change, and Visionary Leadership. She stated that everyone in the group would develop and present a capstone project in pairs in December. She stated that they were using an Executive Leadership Coach with Barren Ridge Consulting named Tim Smith.

Ms. Nemeth stated that groups 2 and 3 included managers, assistant managers, supervisors, and other staff. She stated that the groups had four development learning sessions, Strengths-Based Leadership, Emotional Intelligence and Conflict Management, Effective Communication, and Managing Change. She stated that the groups had already undergone the strengths-based leadership session. She stated that the refreshed leadership development program would support the objectives of the succession management plan. She stated that the structured leadership program had been successful for the first session, and employees seemed willing to return for future sessions.

Mr. Mawyer asked how many employees were in the program.

Ms. Nemeth responded that there were a total of 26 staff members from both Authorities.

Mr. Rogers asked who was providing the training.

Ms. Nemeth responded that the leadership coach consultant provided training to the executive group, and she provided training to the other two groups.

Mr. Rogers stated that he supported internal executive leadership programs.

Ms. Nemeth stated that the programs invested in employees and aided in retention.

Mr. Pinkston asked how many people had gone through the program and how many they anticipated.

Ms. Nemeth stated that this was the first group of sessions, and there were 26 staff members participating.

c. Presentation: Administration Building Renovation and Addition Santino Granato, P.E., Senior Civil Engineer Steve Davis, AIA, LEED Fellow – Principal, Thrive Architecture

Mr. Santino Granato, Senior Civil Engineer, stated that Brian Bergstrom from Short Elliot Hendrickson Engineers was also present. He stated that the Moores Creek Administration Building was constructed in the 1980s and was approximately 12,850 square feet. He stated the building provided space for 26 staff positions, including the water and wastewater laboratory. He stated in 2018, a needs assessment was completed and identified the need for an addition of 15,000 square feet for a total building size of 27,850 square feet. He stated the 2018 renovation was designed to accommodate 48 staff positions, and the project cost estimate at the time was \$8M.

Mr. Granato stated that they aimed to move Engineering staff into the newly renovated building and out of the trailers they currently used. He stated that the building would provide space for 49 staff positions upon completion in 2026, and there would space for 68 staff positions by 2035. He stated the building would include offices, a laboratory, a data center, and education, conference, and support spaces. He stated that it was currently estimated to be 30,400 square feet. He stated they would implement a phased staffing occupancy approach, and initial construction would accommodate 58 staff positions by 2030.

Mr. Steve Davis, Thrive Architecture, provided an overview of the site plan. He stated that adjacent to the existing building was the proposed addition. He noted that the proposed addition would be three stories. He stated that they were designing for 120 on-site parking spaces to accommodate staff vehicles, fleet vehicles, visitors, and public meeting attendees. He stated that they were beginning to evaluate some of the other safety features, such as storm water facilities. He stated that they would preserve as many of the large oak trees along the road as possible. He stated the master plan specified the location of future facilities, and there would be a new service drive-in and loading dock to support the lab facilities.

Mr. Davis stated that they considered having the board meeting room on the first floor, but there were constraints regarding space, so they made the decision to host meetings on the top floor. He stated the first floor included a portion of administrative staff, the receptionist, and a significant portion of the IT department. He stated that the public circulation areas were secured from the staff areas with ballistic glass.

Mr. Davis stated that the ground floor of the existing building would be connected to the second floor of the new building. He stated that the labs were located in the same general location, but they would be entirely renovated. He stated the entirety of the engineering department would be located on the second floor. He stated that the new boardroom would be located on the third floor, and the room would be designed for a variety of uses. He stated the board room had an example configuration to be able to support 14 Board members at the head tables and accommodate 60 guests. He stated that the remainder of the administrative department would be located on the third floor along with the leadership suite, the future legal department, and the

remainder of the IT department.

Mr. Davis stated that while the normal ceiling height would be 9', they had opportunities to increase the ceiling height for the boardroom. He stated the lowest level of the addition would be at the parking lot level. He stated that they implemented architectural strategies to reduce the width and height of the building. He stated that there was no plan to change the exterior of the existing building, so they selected building materials to match. He stated that they intended to keep the rooftop as clean as possible to accommodate future renewable energy production. He stated there would be a narrow connector between the new and the old buildings. He noted that the rooftops were intended to be similar but not matching.

Mr. Davis stated that the engineering team would evaluate low-impact development strategies. He stated they would look for ways to mitigate stormwater impacts and preserve waterways. He stated that they wanted to limit the use of glass from an energy-use and glare-reduction perspective. He stated that they wanted to emphasize the use of natural materials and materials with low energy requirements.

Mr. O'Connell asked whether solar power was included.

Mr. Davis stated that they planned to allocate space for a solar system on the rooftop of the building. He stated that solar panels were not included in the initial project budget.

Mr. Granato stated they would submit the site plan to the County in June 2023, and they anticipated to have completed design by December. He stated they planned to award a construction contract by May 2024. He stated construction was anticipated to begin in June 2024 and be complete by June 2026. He stated that the estimated project costs were done at a conceptual level, and they would be refined at the 30% design submission. He stated that total project costs were about \$17.5M, and they included one-time contingencies for inflation and design.

Mr. Granato stated that the total project estimate did not include solar panel installation or educational outreach. He stated they were working with consultants to determine costs for those installations. He explained that solar panel installation on the building would be included with the next cost estimate, and they would try to include it within the project budget.

Mr. O'Connell asked whether they were pursuing grant options for solar power.

Mr. Mawyer stated no, but they were open to opportunities and suggestions.

Mr. Granato stated that the project would renovate 12,850 square feet of the existing building, and there would be an addition of 17,200 square feet. He stated the engineering staff would be relocated into the building, and the labs would be modernized. He stated that the renovation and addition would accommodate staff growth to 68 positions by 2035. He stated that the construction schedule was June 2024 through June 2026, and the estimated budget was \$17.5M.

Mr. Rogers asked for clarification about the projected number of employees.

Mr. Mawyer responded that there were currently 26 employees in the existing Administration building, and there were 16 employees in the trailers who would move into the renovated Administration building. By 2035, they anticipated 68 employees would be located in the

497 building.

499 Mr. Pinkston asked whether the project was included in the CIP.

Mr. Mawyer stated yes.

Mr. Pinkston asked whether they received a value engineering (VE) review.

Mr. Mawyer responded yes. He explained that all projects over \$5M received a VE review.

Ms. Hildebrand responded that the \$18M would be at the earlier stages of the CIP.

Mr. Pinkston stated that the renovation seemed to be needed.

Ms. Mallek asked how they would manage energy efficiency in the summer.

Mr. Davis stated that most of the glass was facing north, and it was located on an open floor. He stated that there was not a lot of direct solar gain on the glass. He stated that some of the glass panels on the lower levels were opaque panels. He stated that they had to perform more studies on the east side to mitigate the solar gain. He stated that there were tall trees in the area to reduce sunlight.

Mr. Smalls asked whether the construction timeline would impact the Board's ability to meet.

Mr. Mawyer stated that they may have to find other locations to meet during construction. He stated they had considered rotating the meeting to various City and County locations during the construction, but they had to consider technology logistics.

Mr. Rogers asked whether staff would be relocated.

Mr. Mawyer stated they were working on a staff relocation strategy. He stated that constructing the new building, relocating staff into the new addition, then renovating the old building would create two project cycles, lengthen the timeline, and increase costs. He stated that they were considering a trailer for the laboratory. He stated that they would look to integrate a work-from-home program, as well.

Mr. Pinkston asked whether the cost estimates included costs for staff phasing and relocation.

Mr. Granato stated that they generated a cost savings by relocating staff out of the building during construction. He stated that they were looking to finalize the plan, and the costs would be adjusted. He stated that the relocation costs were not currently incorporated into the total project estimate.

Ms. Hildebrand asked whether there was consideration for cubicle-type offices in certain areas.

Mr. Granato stated they did consider cubicles in some situations, such as in the engineering space, the inspector offices, and the interns. He stated the majority of the building was designed for individual offices.

Mr. Stewart asked if the project would receive a green building certification.

Mr. Granato stated that would be discussed within the project team.

Mr. Mawyer asked if there were different levels of certification.

552 Mr. Stewart responded that there were different ratings. He stated a code change required local governments to use the system.

Mr. Mawyer stated that they would have to look into it.

Mr. Stewart noted that the building had only one elevator and suggested they add an additional elevator in case one broke. He stated that it was important to have solar on the building. He stated that the proposed timelines seemed to be optimistic. He stated that the County site planning process could take multiple attempts.

Mr. Granato stated that they would do their best to maintain the proposed timeline.

Mr. Mawyer asked whether there was a preference for installing solar panels at the beginning versus installing them at a later time.

Ms. Mallek asked whether the Authority was allowed to use the contract companies which installed solar panels at no cost, such as was used with the schools. She stated that the Authority may not be eligible.

Mr. Stewart stated he believed the Authority was eligible for the programs, but the project was too small.

Mr. O'Connell asked for clarification about the top needs for the project. He noted that eliminating the Engineering trailers and renovating the lab were priorities.

Mr. Mawyer stated that the building was the original construction from the 1970s and needed renovation. Additional space would be needed to accommodate anticipated growth in staffing. He stated that there were pests in the building that they needed to address.

Mr. O'Connell asked whether there were growing staffing and space needs.

Mr. Mawyer stated that there were growing staff needs with the strategic plan. He stated that they wanted to build the space to accommodate future staffing needs until 2035.

Mr. Gaffney clarified that there would be increased lab space.

Ms. Mallek asked whether the renovated lab space would double.

Mr. Davis stated there was not significantly more space, but the internal layout was more efficient.

Mr. Gaffney noted that the manager's office and lab storage had been moved out of the lab space.

Ms. Mallek asked whether there was an enterprise opportunity to use the laboratory resources for other localities.

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598 Mr. Mawyer stated that the more local testing they could perform, the most cost effectively they
599 could operate. They would investigate enterprising opportunities.

10. OTHER ITEMS FROM BOARD/STAFF NOT ON AGENDA

Mr. Mawyer announced that Ms. Carrie Stanton was leaving the organization and Williams Mullen for a better opportunity. He thanked Ms. Stanton for her work for the Authority.

Ms. Mallek stated that the Authority and the County had the resources to accomplish initiatives that were not possible in other localities. She stated she appreciated the redundancy and work that went on in the Authority. She stated that the City-County-University partnership made more possibilities possible.

11. CLOSED MEETING

There was no reason for a closed meeting.

12. ADJOURNMENT

At 4:48 p.m., Mr. Andrews moved to adjourn the Rivanna Solid Waste Authority. The motion was seconded by Mr. Stewart and passed unanimously (6-0).

Respectfully submitted,

> Mr. Michael Rogers Secretary - Treasurer